# **Top Secret**





PHOTOGRAPHIC INTERPRETATION REPORT

NATIONAL PHOTOGRAPHIC INTERPRETATION CENTER

# SHIELD 76 SUMMARY, POLAND

**Top Secret** 

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Copy 133

25X1

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#### SHIELD 76 SUMMARY, POLAND

#### INTRODUCTION

1. Shield 76 was a combined Warsaw Pact exercise held in Western Poland in September 1976 (Figure 1). The exercise was announced as having occurred between 9 and 16 September with a troop level of 35,000, which is in accordance with the terms of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe Agreement. This report summarizes ac-



FIGURE 1. LOCATION OF SHIELD 76 EXERCISE, WESTERN POLAND

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Pact exercises and activity that are possible in preparation for wartime.
DESCRIPTION
DESCRIPTION
Command and Control
3. High-level, field deployed command posts (CP) were identified as a result of an analysis of Shield 76. Polish CPs near Torun and in the Bednary/Biedrusko Area were probably the major control points for the exercise in Western Poland. A Czechoslovakian CP near Czarne was probably related to Czechoslovakian ground force activity in the Borne Training Area 404 approximately 9 nautical miles (nm) to the southwest.
4. The Torun Area CP was deployed in three areas west and south of the city.  in the Torun Training Area West  five revetments containing expandable vans, numerous single vehicle revetments, and a network of interconnecting communications/personnel trenches were observed (Figure 2A). The spoil from trench and
the spoil had evidently been treated to blend with the surrounding area. The vehicle revetments were net covered; no equipment could be identified. Two antiaircraft artillery (AAA) batteries were nearby on all three photographic coverages of the area.
5. The Torun Training Area West was observed approximately one month after the exercise was held. Photography showed trench backfilling in progress.
6. The two remaining areas of this CP were in the Torun Training Area Podgorz 416 approximately 13 nm east-southeast of Torun West. These areas were under construction These
two areas were approximately 3 nm apart, and each contained numerous vehicle revetments and extensive trenching. 47 van trucks and 18 UAZ-69s were parked in a clearing near the southernmost part of the CP. Fourteen additional trucks were parked in convoy on a nearby road. Vehicles were not in revetments at that time. On photography in September, net covering precluded identification of the vehicles in revetments. Also, the spoil was noticeably darker, partly because sod had been cut from nearby areas and placed on areas of disturbed earth.
7. Another Polish CP was deployed in the same three-area pattern as the Torun CP.  One area was just west of Bednary Airfield and the other two areas were approximately 12 nm to the west-southwest in the Biedrusko Training Area  The two areas at Biedrusko are approximately 1.2 nm apart.

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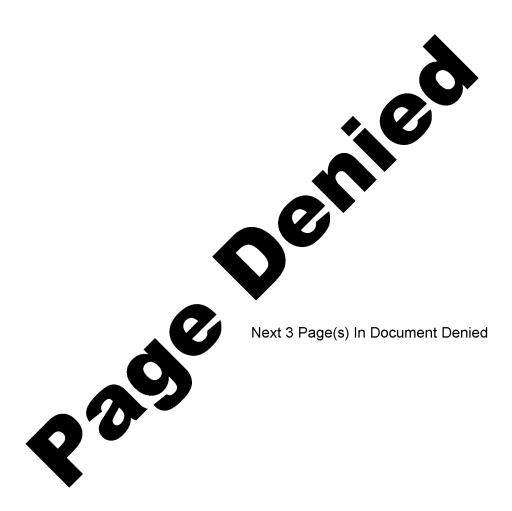


8. This CP was covered on photography  The area near	25 <b>X</b> 1
Bednary was under construction . Two Polish expandable vans were positioned	25 <b>X</b> 1
back-to-back in a revetment, and at least three other vehicle revetments and probable com-	
munications trenches were being dug. A 25-tent bivouac area was at the airfield, ap-	
proximately 1 nm away the spoil at the CP was darker toned than it was	25X1
in August, and what appeared to be trees or shrubs placed on the road passing through the	
area were observed. A probable signal unit, which included 26 van trucks, ten trailers, and a	
UAZ-69, was parked in convoy formation just north of the CP. Other equipment in the area	,
included a probable OT-64, at least 14 trucks, four UAZ-69s, three buses, and the two ex-	
pendable vans still in the revetment. Only 11 tents remained in the bivouac area.	
9. Each of the two CP areas in the Biedrusko Training Area contained numerous vehi-	
cle revetments and extensive trenching, sod was being removed from the sur-	25X1
rounding terrain and being placed over the spoil from the revetments and trenches. Cargo	20/(1
trucks were seen in the area where the sod was being cut and in the area where it was being	
laid. This activity reduced the very light tone of the spoil. The lack of activity in the	
Biedrusko portion of the CP was an indication that operations there were	25X1
almost complete.	ΖΟΧΤ
•	
10. A small Czechoslovakian CP was observed on the west edge of the Czarne Training	25X1
Area Southwest 405 The CP consisted of a small bivouac area containing seven tents and at least 15 vehicle	23/1
	25X1
revetments in a wooded area nearby. 12 trucks, two trailers, and two buses were observed in the area. Nine OT-62s; four OT-64s; five possible OT-64s;	20/1
and seven trucks were seen	25X1
and seven blucks were seen	
	25X1
12. a marked	25 <b>X</b> 1
decrease in the usual vehicle count at two installations housing Polish signal regiments,	
Walcz Army Barracks 004 and Bydgoszcz WOW Barracks Koszary 001/004	25 <b>X</b> 1
The Walcz regiment is subordinate to the Polish Ministry of National	25X1
Defense and the Bydgoszcz regiment is subordinate to the Pomeranian Military District.	20/(1
These could have been the units manning the Polish CPs. The absence of front- and army-	
level signal equipment from garrison is a strong indication that major CP activity was in	•
progress.	
13. Activity in the garrisons where the main Soviet signal units are situated in Poland,	
Legnica and Wroclaw, appeared normal. Soviet troposcatter activity was seen in the follow-	
ing locations:	
a. One set of TWIN PLATE antennas was just south of Legnica	25 <b>X</b> 1
The area was cloud covered	25 <b>X</b> 1
	20/(1
b. Two sets of TWIN PLATE and one set of TWIN PAN antennas were set up just	2571
east of Miedzyrzecz Army Barracks Keszyca 201	25X1
	25 <b>X</b> 1
- 4 -	25 <b>X</b> 1
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One set of TWIN PLATE was at the northern end of the Drawsko Pomorskie  Army/SAM Maneuver Area 401	25 <b>X</b> 1
One TWIN PLATE truck and trailer in travel mode were just outside Borne Army Barracks Sulinowo 201 The two sets of TWIN PAN were in their usual location at this installation.	25 <b>X</b> 1
Two sets of TWIN PLATE were set up at Rembertow Army Barracks 203  Five additional sets were deployed approximately 8 nm northeast of the barracks.	25X1 25X1
Activity	
eld 76 was a demonstration-type exercise in which selected units from various cicipated. Installations housing five active Polish divisions, which were seen on were analyzed to determine if units were present in the area. divisions, 5th and 20th, and the three mechanized infantry divisions, 4th, 8th, re housed in 30 garrisons in Western Poland. Twenty-nine of these were covered thy	25X1 25X1
5th Mechanized Infantry Regiment, 12th Mechanized Division, equipped MP-type armored personnel carrier (APC) from Szczecin Army Barracks was out of garrison. It had deployed to the Biedrusko Traintunit was observed in the training area and was son	25X1 25X1 25X1
BMP-equipped Reconnaissance Battalion, 8th Mechanized Division, from many Barracks 1/4 was out of garrison (Figure 3). A BMP-onnaissance battalion was seen in the Drawsko Training Area on the same day racks was covered on photography. However, this reconnaissance battalion many to the 16th tank division at Elblag Army Barracks 6 ot covered on photography	25X1 25X1 25X1
evehicle parks containing the artillery regiment and FROG battalion of the 5th at Kostrzyn Army Barracks Pioneer 3 were empty he units were probably out of garrison, but where they were deployed was not	25X1 25X1
AAA regiment of the 4th Mechanized Division was not in Czerwiensk Army  When in garrison, this regiment is always parked in the open.	25 <b>X</b> 1
or part of the following units of the 20th Tank Division participated in the reconnaissance battalion, two tank regiments, the artillery regiment, the ion, the signal battalion, and motor transport elements. The garrisons for the n the vicinity of the Drawsko Training Area, which is possibly the deployment	
	One TWIN PLATE truck and trailer in travel mode were just outside Borne Army Barracks Sulinowo 201  The two sets of TWIN PAN were in their usual location at this installation.  Two sets of TWIN PLATE were set up at Rembertow Army Barracks 203  Five additional sets were deployed approximate-y 8 nm northeast of the barracks.  Activity  eld 76 was a demonstration-type exercise in which selected units from various icipated. Installations housing five active Polish divisions, which were seen on were analyzed to determine if units were present in the area. divisions, 5th and 20th, and the three mechanized infantry divisions, 4th, 8th, e housed in 30 garrisons in Western Poland. Twenty-nine of these were covered hy  5th Mechanized Infantry Regiment, 12th Mechanized Division, equipped MP-type armored personnel carrier (APC) from Szczecin Army Barracks 5  was out of garrison. It had deployed to the Biedrusko Trainunit was observed in the training area and was son  BMP-equipped Reconnaissance Battalion, 8th Mechanized Division, from my Barracks 1/4  was out of garrison (Figure 3). A BMP-onnaissance battalion was seen in the Drawsko Training Area on the same day racks was covered on photography. However, this reconnaissance battalion ings to the 16th tank division at Elblag Army Barracks 6  to covered on photography  vehicle parks containing the artillery regiment and FROG battalion of the 5th at Kostrzyn Army Barracks Pioneer 3  were empty  The units were probably out of garrison, but where they were deployed was not the reconnaissance battalion, two tank regiments, the artillery regiment, the ion, the signal battalion, and motor transport elements. The garrisons for the

## Training Area Activity and Demonstrations

20. An apparent combat demonstration was observed in progress at the Drawsko Pomorskie Army/SAM Maneuver Area 401 (Figure 4). A Polish tank regiment was deployed at the northern end of the training area. At least 75 tanks were in position to move south in both company and platoon columns. This apparent demonstration also involved a probable mechanized infantry unit; two multiple rocket launcher battalions each containing 12 BM-21s; 48 camouflaged gun positions for a probable artillery regiment; positions for two additional six-gun artillery batteries, which were camouflaged; an AAA regiment; two possible SA-9 batteries; and elements of an SA-6 regiment. It seemed that the tank regiment would be attacking to the south where an observation stand was set up about 2 nm away. At least 15 camouflaged vehicle revetments near the observation stand were perpendicular to the direction in which the tanks were expected to move. The type of unit occupying these revetments was not known.	25X1
21. The coverage of Drawsko Training Area was the best look at any of the scheduled demonstrations of SHIELD 76. Netting and canvas covering was used extensively throughout the exercise.	
22. Biedrusko Training Area 404 was observed on photography	25X1
The Polish 5th Mechanized Infantry Regiment was seen parked in the same place on both dates (Figure 5). The regiment had been deployed here from Szczecin Army Barracks Kreckow NE 005. Elements of an SA-6 regiment and a towed AAA regiment were	25X1
also seen. A SCUD training exercise was observed	25 <b>X</b> 1
23. Czechoslovakian forces were observed in the Borne Training Area 404	25X1
A tank regiment and an artillery battalion were at the east end of the training	25 <b>X</b> 1
area. Eighty-nine tanks and 30 OT-62 APCs were observed. The activity appeared to be diminishing. The bivouac area had fewer tents and	25X1
equipment loading activity was seen at two nearby railheads. Tanks, APCs, and trucks were seen on flatcars or waiting to be loaded at Okonek Railroad Yard South and at a spur 5 nm north-northwest of Okonek.	25 <b>X</b> 1
preparations for a river crossing demonstration were observed 5 nm west of Krosno Odrzawskie on the north bank of the Oder River. Two probable maneuver regiments were present; one was possibly a tank regiment. PTS tracked amphibians and GSP heavy amphibious ferry assault crossing equipment was also parked in the area. The associated bivouac area contained approximately 400 tents. PMP ponton bridge sections were being deployed and assembled in the river about 1 nm upstream from the main bivouac area. A nearby bivouac area contained at least 50 tents.	25X1
25. Swietoszow Training Area was seen but was cloud covered on	25 <b>X</b> 1
Not much activity was seen, however, a tank regiment, an AAA regiment, an	25X1
artillery regiment, and a multiple rocket launcher battalion were present. a train loaded with probable military equipment was seen parked on the outskirts of Zagan, just north of the training area. The train contained 15 trucks and at least five other vehicles.	25 <b>X</b> 1
a possible signal unit was on railcars in Legnica Railroad Yard Northwest	25X1
approximately 30 nm east-southeast of Swietoszow.  (Continued p. 11)	25X1
(=====================================	
- 6 -	
Tarri Carrina	25 <b>X</b> 1



26. A regimental-sized drop of Soviet airborne troops and equipment took place in the Swietoszow/Zagan Training Area There were three photographic indications that airborne activity was taking place. On photography, a regiment of BMDs, air-droppable APCs, was seen on pallets at Ryazan Army Barracks SW	25X1 25X1
a probable heavy-drop loading exercise was seen at Kedainiai Airfield in the Baltic Military District (Figure 6). Eighteen AN-22 COCK aircraft were at this field in addition to the CUB regiment usually present. Thirteen cargo trucks and 39 probable palletized vehicles/pieces of equipment with attached parachute systems were also at the airfield. Kedainiai may have been the	25X1 25X1
staging base for the SHIELD 76 airborne activity. On photography of at the Vitebsk NE Airfield, only five IL-76 CANDID were present. This count was below the usual level of 23 aircraft.	25X1 25X1
Parachutes were lying on the ground in a bivouac area on a lakeshore 2.5 nm southeast of Muszaki. Approximately 75 UAZ-69s and 50 trucks were in an adjacent vehicle park. Aircraft probably associated with this unit were 13.5 nm to the northeast at Szymany Airfield One CUB, four COKE and five COLT were seen.	25X1 25X1
28. Other major training in Poland during the SHIELD 76 exercise included AAA and SAM training at two Baltic coast locations two AAA regiments and ten probable SA-9 TELs were seen at Wicko Morskie Army/SAM Maneuver Area 1 an AAA regiment was on the coast in the vicinity of Mrzezyno Artillery Barracks and AAA Training Area 2	25X1 25X1 25X1 25X1
29. In possibly related activity, only about one-half of the usual equipment count was observed at the following three Polish installations which house AAA units: at the Zgierz Army Barracks N 002 at the Leszno Army Barracks 001 and at the Jelenia Gora KBW Barracks 003 (  Two regiments are usually at each installation.	25X1 25X1 25X1
Air Activity	
30. Aircraft of Soviet and East European forces participated in SHIELD 76. A number of airfields, including dispersal fields, were used during the exercise.	
31. The Soviet Air Force Poland FLOGGER regiment from Kolobrzeg apparently deployed to Chojna Airfield for the exercise (Figure 7); Chojna is a Soviet FISHBED base. the usual number of FISHBED was at this airfield, but 34 FLOGGER were also present. Coverage of Kolobrzeg Airfield on the same day showed no FLOGGER present.	25X1 25X1 25X1
32. Czechoslovakian Air Force FITTER deployed to Debrzno Airfield in Poland for the exercise. Photography showed 41 FITTER, one MAYA, three CRATE, and 12 HIP-C at Debrzno. The Polish FISHBED unit usually stationed here was not present.	25X1 25X1

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33. One of the Czechoslovakian bases from which the FITTER possibly deployed was covered  28 FITTER were present at Namest Nad Oslavou  Seventy-five trucks/pieces of equipment, probably ground support equipment (GSE), were also seen parked in convoy on the runway and on the taxiway. On  the GSE was gone and only one FITTER was present 25	25X1 25X1 X1
34. The Polish FISHBED unit, which is usually at Debrzno, probably flew to Konarzyny Airfield, a dispersal field 18 nm from Debrzno. No aircraft were seen at Konarzyny but 28 FISHBED, two FRESCO, and four FAGOT/MIDGET were present The Polish FISHBED deployment to Konarzyny evidently took place in order to provide space at Debrzno for the Czechoslovakian FITTER aircraft.	25X1 25X1 25X1
35. Also at Konarzyny, a temporary air warning site had been established.  air warning equipment was seen on the north side of the airfield.  all equipment at this site was net covered. Net covering was also seen in locations that would usually be occupied by instrument landing system and ground control approach equipment.	25X1 25X1
37. Significant variations from the usual pattern of air activity were observed at the	25X1
following airfields in Poland which may have been related to SHIELD 76:	
a. At Smardzko , an increased number of FRESCO was observed.	25X1
b. At Pila , an increased number of FRESCO was also observed.	25 <b>X</b> 1
c. At Ploty FISHBED were observed at the dispersal field.	25X1
	25X1
d. At Nadarzyce BEAGLE, FISHBED, and FARMER aircraft were observed at the dispersal field.	23 <b>X</b> I
e. At Broczyno HARE/HOPLITE, and HIP helicopters were observed at the dispersal field.	25 <b>X</b> 1
f. At Zary, HARE/HOPLITE and probable HIP were observed.	
38. A temporary air warning site was observed in a field 1 nm north of Ploty Airfield on Major pieces of electronic equipment included one BAR LOCK, one THIN SKIN, and a JAW GATE early warning truck with a FARM GATE-sized screen mounted on it. Thirty-three FISHBED and 93 Polish-type tents were at the airfield. No air warning site is usually associated with this dispersal airfield.	25 <b>X</b> 1
39. A Polish SA-3 battalion in convoy on a road at Pienieznica Airfield	25X1
Major equipment included 12 SA-3 transporters, four SA-3 four-rail launchers, one FARM GATE, and one GATE POLE/NYSA-B. Because complete coverage of all the Polish SA-3 sites was not available, the site from which the unit at Pienieznica may have deployed could not be determined.	25 <b>X</b> 1

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Additional Activity  40. Much of the equipment involved in SHIELD 76 was apparently moved by railroad. Equipment on trains was seen
Equipment on trains was seen at the following locations: Okonek, two points; Lutol Suchy; Zbaszynek; Toporow; and Leszno. A small train in Poznan also carried possible military equipment. Numerous flatcars were seen in Northwest Poland, particularly on the periphery of training areas such as Drawsko and Borne.  CONCLUSION  41. The extensive photographic coverage of Poland and the USSR before and during SHIELD 76 provided significant information on Warsaw Pact Forces tactics and deployments during maneuvers. The movement of military units to the field from garrison was identified and frequently correlated.  42. The preexercise activity observed demonstrated that preparations for an exercise can be detected on timely photography. The establishment of CPs in the field, the movement of units out of garrison, and the dispersal of aircraft all have significant indications and warnings applications.  REFERENCES
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25 <b>X</b>
MAP
CIA. Base Map, Series 200, Sheet 502799, scale 1:4,700,000
DOCUMENT
25X <sup>2</sup>
REQUIREMENT
Project 121200NC
25X <sup>-</sup>

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# List of Conversion Factors by Classification

#### **UNITS OF LENGTH**

#### **UNITS OF MASS**

IF YOU HAVE	MULTIPLY BY	TO OBTAIN	IF YOU HAVE	MULTIPLY BY	TO OBTAIN
MILLIMETERS	0.0394	INCHES	KILOGRAMS	2.2046	POUNDS(AVOIR.)
CENTIMETERS	0.3937	INCHES	POUNDS(AVOIR.)	0.4536	KILOGRAMS
INCHES	25.4000	MILLIMETERS	SHORT TONS	0.9072	METRIC TONS
INCHES	2.5400	CENTIMETERS	METRIC TONS	1.1023	SHORT TONS
FEET	0.3048	METERS	METRIC TONS	0.9842	LONG TONS
FEET	0.0003	KILOMETERS	LONG TONS	1.0160	METRIC TONS
YARDS	0.9144	METERS			
METERS	3.2808	FEET			
METERS	0.0005	MILES(NAUTICAL)			
METERS	1.0936	YARDS	U	NITS OF VOL	UME
KILOMETERS	3280.8400	FEET			
KILOMETERS	0.6214	MILES(STATUTE)	IF YOU HAVE	MULTIPLY BY	TO OBTAIN
KILOMETERS	0.5400	MILES(NAUTICAL)	LITERS	0.2642	GALLONS
MILES(STATUTE)	1.6093	KILOMETERS	LITERS	0.0063	BARRELS(POL)
MILES(NAUTICAL)	6076.1154	FEET	LITERS	0.0010	CUBIC METERS
MILES(NAUTICAL)	1.8520	KILOMETERS	GALLONS	3.7854	LITERS
MILES(NAUTICAL)	1852.0000	METERS	GALLONS	0.1337	CUBIC FEET
			GALLONS	0.0238	BARRELS(POL)
			GALLONS	0.0038	CUBIC METERS
			BUSHELS	0.0352	CUBIC METERS
UNITS OF AREA			CUBIC FEET	7.4805	GALLONS
IF YOU HAVE	MULTIPLY BY	TO OBTAIN	CUBIC FEET	0.1781	BARRELS(POL)
SQUARE CENTIMETERS	0.1550	SQUARE INCHES	CUBIC FEET	0.0283	CUBIC METERS
SQUARE INCHES	6.4516	SQUARE CENTIMETERS	CUBIC YARDS	0.7646	CUBIC METERS
SQUARE FEET	0.0929	SQUARE METERS	BARRELS(POL)	158.9873	LITERS
SQUARE YARDS	0.8361	SQUARE METERS	BARRELS(POL)	42.0000	GALLONS
SQUARE METERS	10.7639	SQUARE FEET	BARRELS(POL)	5.6146	CUBIC FEET
SQUARE METERS	1.1960	SQUARE YARDS	BARRELS(POL)	0.1590	CUBIC METERS
SQUARE METERS	1.0000	CENTARES	CUBIC METERS	1000.0000	LITERS
SQUARE METERS	0.0002	ACRES	CUBIC METERS	264.1721	GALLONS
SQUARE METERS	0.0001	HECTARES	CUBIC METERS	35.3147	CUBIC FEET
ACRES	4046.8564	SQUARE METERS	CUBIC METERS	28.3776	BUSHELS
ACRES	0.4047	HECTARES	CUBIC METERS	6.2898	BARRELS(POL)
HECTARES	10000.0000	SQUARE METERS	CUBIC METERS	1.3080	CUBIC YARDS
HECTARES	2.4711	ACRES			
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